SAFETY NET MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM

Standard Companion Guide Transaction Information

Instructions related to Transactions based on ASC X12 Implementation Guides, version 005010A1/A2





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Preface

Companion Guides (CG) may contain two types of data, instructions for electronic communications with the publishing entity (Communications/Connectivity Instructions) and supplemental information for creating transactions for the publishing entity while ensuring compliance with the associated ASC X12 IG (Transaction Instructions). Either the Communications/Connectivity component or the Transaction Instruction component must be included in every CG. The components may be published as separate documents or as a single document.

The Communications/Connectivity component is included in the CG when the publishing entity wants to convey the information needed to commence and maintain communication exchange.

The Transaction Instruction component is included in the CG when the publishing entity wants to clarify the IG instructions for submission of specific electronic transactions. The Transaction Instruction component content is limited by ASCX12's copyrights and Fair Use statement.



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Transaction Instruction (TI)

1 TI Introduction

1.1 Background

1.1.1 Overview of HIPAA Legislation

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) of 1996 carries provisions for administrative simplification. This requires the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) to adopt standards to support the electronic exchange of administrative and financial health care transactions primarily between health care providers and plans. HIPAA directs the Secretary to adopt standards for transactions to enable health information to be exchanged electronically and to adopt specifications for implementing each standard HIPAA serves to:

- Create better access to health insurance
- Limit fraud and abuse
- Reduce administrative costs

1.1.2 Compliance according to HIPAA

The HIPAA regulations at 45 CFR 162.915 require that covered entities not enter into a trading partner agreement that would do any of the following:

- Change the definition, data condition, or use of a data element or segment in a standard.
- Add any data elements or segments to the maximum defined data set.
- Use any code or data elements that are marked "not used" in the standard's implementation specifications or are not in the standard's implementation specification(s).
- Change the meaning or intent of the standard's implementation specification(s).



1.1.3 Compliance according to ASC X12

ASC X12 requirements include specific restrictions that prohibit trading partners from:

- Modifying any defining, explanatory, or clarifying content contained in the implementation guide.
- Modifying any requirement contained in the implementation guide.

1.2 Intended Use

The Transaction Instruction component of this companion guide must be used in conjunction with an associated ASC X12 Implementation Guide. The instructions in this companion guide are not intended to be stand-alone requirements documents. This companion guide conforms to all the requirements of any associated ASC X12 Implementation Guides and is in conformance with ASC X12's Fair Use and Copyright statements.

2 Included ASC X12 Implementation Guides

This table lists the X12N Implementation Guides for which specific transaction Instructions apply and which are included in Section 3 of this document.

Unique ID Name

005010X222A1 Health Care Claim: Professional (837) - Addenda

005010X223A2 Health Care Claim: Institutional (837) - Addenda



3 Instruction Tables

These tables contain one or more rows for each segment for which a supplemental instruction is needed.

Legend

SHADED rows represent "segments" in the X12N implementation guide.

NON-SHADED rows represent "data elements" in the X12N implementation guide.

3.1 005010X222A1 Health Care Claim: Professional

Loop ID	Reference	Name	Codes	Notes/Comments
Control Segment	GS	FUNCTIONAL GROUP HEADER		
Control Segment	GS03	Application Receiver's Code	'0028'	The receiver code used to identify claims submitted to SNMIS.
Header	ВНТ	BEGINNING OF HIERARCHICAL TRANSACTION		
Header	BHT02	Transaction Set Purpose Code	'00'	BHT02 must equal ORIGINAL.
Header	ВНТ06	Transaction Type Code	'CH'	BHT06 must equal CHARGEABLE.
1000B	NM1	RECEIVER NAME		
1000B	NM109	Receiver Primary Identifier		The receiver primary identifier is '18049'.
2000A	PRV	BILLING PROVIDER SPECIALTY INFORMATION		NPI billing requires the taxonomy code to be sent with the claim in the 2000A/PRV.
2010AA	N4	BILLING PROVIDER CITY/STATE/ZIP CODE		
2010AA	N403	Billing Provider Postal Zone or ZIP Code		The nine digit zip code that is billed should match the nine digit zip code that was verified with IME. When Zip+4 verified with IME is 0000, use 9998 for claims submission.
2000B	SBR	SUBSCRIBER INFORMATION		



Loop ID	Reference	Name	Codes	Notes/Comments
2000B	SBR02	Individual Relationship Code	'18'	For SNMIS, the subscriber is always the same as the patient.
2000B	SBR09	Claim Filing Indicator Code	ʻZZ'	Mutually defined: SNMIS
2010BB	REF	BILLING PROVIDER SECONDARY IDENTIFICATION		
2010BB	REF02	Billing Provider Additional Identifier	'G2'	Atypical providers must send their atypical provider number (starting with X00) in the REF segment with a G2 qualifier.
2010BB	NM1	PAYER NAME		
2010BB	NM109	Payer Identifier		The payer primary identifier is '18049'.
2000C	HL	PATIENT DETAIL		The Patient Hierarchical Level is not used in SNMIS.
2300	CLM	CLAIM INFORMATION		EDISS may reject an interchange (transmission) with more than 5,000 CLM segments (claims) submitted per transaction.
2300	CLM20	Delay Reason Code		Data submitted as a delay reason code in CLM20 may not be used for processing.
2300	н	HEALTH CARE DIAGNOSIS CODE		Only the first 4 diagnosis codes will be used.
2310A	REF	REFERRING PROVIDER SECONDARY IDENTIFICATION		
2310A	REF02	Referring Provider Additional Identifier	'G2'	Atypical providers must send their atypical provider number (starting with X00) in the REF segment with a G2 qualifier.
2310B	REF	RENDERING PROVIDER SECONDARY IDENTIFICATION		
2310B	REF02	Rendering Provider Additional Identifier	'G2'	Atypical providers must send their atypical provider number (starting with X00) in the REF segment with a G2 qualifier.



Loop ID	Reference	Name	Codes	Notes/Comments
2310C	N4	SERVICE FACILITY LOCATION CITY/STATE/ZIP		
2310C	N403	Laboratory or Facility Postal Zone ZIP Code		The nine digit zip code that is billed should match the nine digit zip code that was verified with IME.
2400	SV1	PROFESSIONAL SERVICE		
2400	SV101 - 1	Product or Service ID Qualifier	'HC'	Only Health Care Financing Administration Common Procedural Coding System (HCPCS) Codes will be processed by SNMIS
2400	SV101 – 5	Procedure Modifier		SNMIS will not process a third modifier.
2400	SV101 – 6	Procedure Modifier		SNMIS will not process a fourth modifier.
2400	SV104	Service Unit Count		Service unit counts (units or minutes) cannot exceed 9999999.999.
2410	СТР	DRUG IDENTIFICATION		
2410	CTP04	National Drug Unit Count		National Drug Unit Count cannot exceed 9999999.999.
2420A	REF	RENDERING PROVIDER SECONDARY IDENTIFICATION		
2420A	REF02	Rendering Provider Additional Identifier	'G2'	Atypical providers must send their atypical provider number (starting with X00) in the REF segment with a G2 qualifier.

3.2 005010X223A2 Health Care Claim: Institutional

Loop ID	Reference	Name	Codes	Notes/Comments
Control Segment	GS	FUNCTIONAL GROUP HEADER		
Control Segment	GS03	Application Receiver's Code	'0028'	The receiver code used to identify claims submitted to SNMIS.



Loop ID	Reference	Name	Codes	Notes/Comments
Header	ВНТ	BEGINNING OF HIERARCHICAL TRANSACTION		
Header	BHT02	Transaction Set Purpose Code	'00'	BHT02 must equal ORIGINAL.
Header	ВНТ06	Transaction Type Code	'CH'	BHT06 must equal CHARGEABLE.
1000B	NM1	RECEIVER NAME		
1000B	NM109	Receiver Primary Identifier		The receiver primary identifier is '18049'.
2000A	PRV	BILLING PROVIDER SPECIALTY INFORMATION		NPI billing requires the taxonomy code to be sent with the claim in the 2000A/PRV.
2010AA	N4	BILLING PROVIDER CITY/STATE/ZIP CODE		
2010AA	N403	Billing Provider Postal Zone or ZIP Code		The nine digit zip code that is billed should match the nine digit zip code that was verified with IME. When Zip+4 verified with IME is 0000, use 9998 for claims submission.
2000B	SBR	SUBSCRIBER INFORMATION		
2000B	SBR02	Individual Relationship Code	'18'	For SNMIS, the subscriber is always the same as the patient.
2000B	SBR09	Claim Filing Indicator Code	ʻZZ'	Mutually defined: SNMIS
2010BB	REF	BILLING PROVIDER SECONDARY IDENTIFICATION		
2010BB	REF02	Billing Provider Additional Identifier	'G2'	Atypical providers must send their atypical provider number (starting with X00) in the REF segment with a G2 qualifier.
2010BB	NM1	PAYER NAME		
2010BB	NM109	Payer Identifier		The payer primary identifier is '18049'.
2000C	HL	PATIENT DETAIL		The Patient Hierarchical Level is not used in SNMIS.



Loop ID	Reference	Name	Codes	Notes/Comments
2300	CLM	CLAIM INFORMATION		EDISS may reject an interchange (transmission) with more than 5,000 CLM segments (claims) submitted per transaction.
2300	CLM20	Delay Reason Code		Data submitted as a delay reason code in CLM20 may not be used for processing.
2300	н	OCCURRENCE SPAN INFORMATION		Only the first 1 occurrence code will be used.
2400	SV1	PROFESSIONAL SERVICE		SNMIS will only price on 99 service lines. Any service lines greater than 99 services lines will be accepted but will not be priced.
2400	SV202 - 1	Product or Service ID Qualifier	'HC'	Only Health Care Financing Administration Common Procedural Coding System (HCPCS) Codes will be processed by SNMIS

4 TI Additional Information

This section must contain one or more of the following situational sections, if applicable.

4.1 Business Scenarios

This section contains all typical business scenarios with transmission examples.

The scenarios and examples are intended to be explicit examples of situations that are not described in detail within in the implementation guide.

- EDI Support Services (EDISS) collects transactions from two different connectivity portals for the SNMIS Line of Business.
 - Iowa DHS Web Portal Provides a means for SNMIS direct submitters to conduct electronic transactions with EDISS via the internet.
 - EDI Gateway Provides a direct connection to EDISS using SFTP via a Noridian approved Network Service Vendor.



- The EDISS Trading Partner community is comprised of Vendors and Direct Submitters.
 - Vendor A vendor is an entity that provides hardware, software and/or ongoing technical support for covered entities. In EDI, a vendor can be classified as a software vendor, billing service or clearinghouse.
 - Direct Submitter A facility which sends electronic health care transactions to EDISS without the aid of a third-party vendor. Facilities that use a software vendor but handle submitting their claims internally are still considered direct.
- EDISS issues claim reports after each received transaction. The reports
 are generated by EDISS' front-end collection system and are a vital part
 in following the claims as they process through the EDISS front-end
 collection system. EDISS reports are listed in the order they would be
 received from EDISS after the electronic file has been submitted.
 - TA1 Interchange Acknowledgement
 - o 999 Functional Acknowledgement
 - o 277CA Claims Acknowledgement

4.2 Payer Specific Business Rules and Limitations

This section contains payer-specific information that is not necessarily tied to specific data elements or segments (which are more appropriately described in section 3). It includes descriptions of business rules, processes, or limitations that impact how the payer uses the content of inbound transactions or creates the content of outbound transactions. This information is intended to help the trading partner understand the business context of the EDI transactions.

- All inbound claim data is edited against HIPAA x12 standards.
 - EDISS has edits built into claim processing that check for structural and syntactical correctness. Claim data that does not pass these edit levels is returned to the Trading Partner on HIPAA based acknowledgement reports (999 Functional Acknowledgement and 277CA Claims Acknowledgement).



 All claim data that has correct structure and syntax is forwarded to Safety Net Management Information System (SNMIS) for adjudication and payment.

Category 1

TR3 front matter, notes, or other specifications that identify two or more optional business alternatives for the payer or other sending entity.

Example

005010X221 (835)

4.2.1 Claim Overpayment Recovery

ACME Health Plan recoups all overpayments immediately using reversals and corrections as described in option 1 of implementation guide §1.10.2.17.

Category 2

To identify processing schedules or constraints that are important to trading partner expectations.

Example

4.2.2 Scheduled Maintenance

EDI Support Services (EDISS) schedules regular maintenance every Sunday from 6:00 AM to 12:00 PM Central time. Real-time processing is not available during this period.

4.3 Frequently Asked Questions

For a surplus of information regarding billing electronic transactions and assistance with understanding the EDI process, please visit www.edissweb.com.

4.4 Other Resources

For more information regarding electronic claims submission, HIPAA Standards and general EDI-industry questions visit the following links:

- http://www.edissweb.com/med/news/hipaa5010.html
- http://www.wpc-edi.com/



5 TI Change Summary

At a minimum, this section details the changes between this version and the previous version.